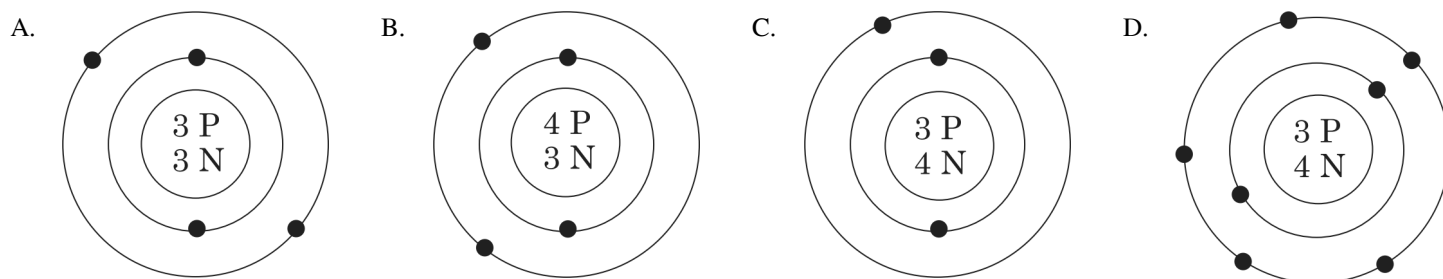


Ch 3: Level 5 Questions

1. Which drawing *best* represents an atom of lithium?



2. Which of the following describes a particle that contains 36 electrons, 49 neutrons, and 38 protons?

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A. an ion with a charge of 2- | B. an ion with a charge of 2+ |
| C. an atom with a mass of 38 amu | D. an atom with a mass of 49 amu |

3. Chlorine has two naturally occurring isotopes, chlorine-35 and chlorine-37. The atomic mass of naturally occurring chlorine is 35.45. Which statement is correct?

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| A. Chlorine-35 is more abundant. | B. Chlorine-37 is more abundant. |
| C. Chlorine-36 is more abundant. | D. Chlorine-35 and chlorine-37 are equally abundant. |

4. What is the total number of electrons in a Cr^{3+} ion?

- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| A. 18 | B. 21 | C. 24 | D. 27 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|

5. What causes an object to have a positive charge?

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| A. Protons are removed. | B. Protons are added. | C. Electrons are removed. | D. Electrons are added. |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|

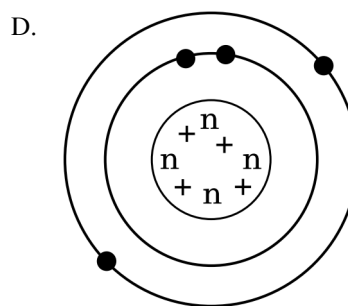
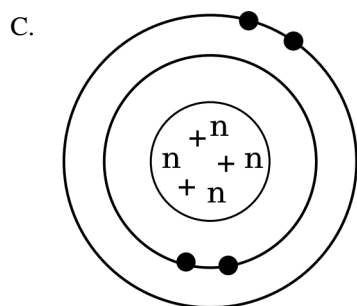
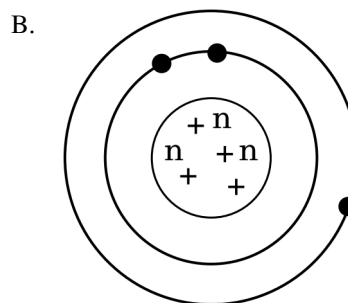
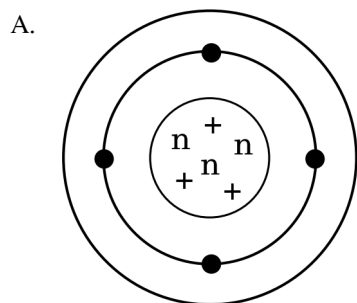
6. Which elements have the same number of neutrons?

- | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| A. $^{10}_5\text{B}$ and $^{12}_6\text{C}$ | B. $^{55}_{25}\text{Mn}$ and $^{56}_{26}\text{Fe}$ | C. $^{108}_{47}\text{Ag}$ and $^{112}_{48}\text{Cd}$ | D. $^{197}_{79}\text{Au}$ and $^{201}_{80}\text{Hg}$ |
|--|--|--|--|

7. Isotopes of an atom could be detected based on which of the following characteristics?

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| A. atomic radius | B. nuclear charge | C. nuclear mass | D. number of electrons |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------|

8. Which diagram represents an electrically neutral atom?



9. A Ca^{2+} ion *differs* from a Ca^0 atom in that the Ca^{2+} ion has

- A. more protons B. fewer protons C. more electrons D. fewer electrons

10. Wanda learned that deuterium (H-2), an isotope of hydrogen, has one proton and one neutron, and that protium (H-1) has one proton and no neutrons. She concluded that deuterium and protium are two different elements.

Is this a valid conclusion?

- A. No; the number of neutrons changes the atomic number and in the process creates new elements.
 B. Yes; the number of neutrons changes the atomic mass and in the process creates new elements.
 C. No; the number of neutrons does not change the identity of the element; it merely creates heavier atoms of the same element.
 D. Yes; the number of neutrons does not change the chemical properties; it merely creates a new element.

11. Which statement concerning elements is true?

- A. Different elements must have different numbers of isotopes.
 B. Different elements must have different numbers of neutrons.
 C. All atoms of a given element must have the same mass number.
 D. All atoms of a given element must have the same atomic number.

12. Which ion contains the same total number of electrons as Cl^- ?

- A. S^{2-} B. Br^- C. Mg^{2+} D. Na^+

1.
Answer: C
2.
Answer: B
3.
Answer: A
4.
Answer: B
5.
Answer: C
6.
Answer: B
7.
Answer: C
8.
Answer: D
9.
Answer: D
10.
Answer: C
11.
Answer: D
12.
Answer: A