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## Find molarity, given mass \& volume

1) What is the molarity if 720 g of glucose $\left(\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}\right)$ is dissolved in 8 L of water?

### 0.5 M

Find volume, given molarity \& mass
2) What volume of water in liters is needed to make a 2.25 M solution of NaCl with 320 g of solute.
2.43 L

Find moles or grams, given molarity \& volume
3) How many moles of NaOH must be dissolved in 4500 mL of water to make a 0.50 M solution?
2.25 mol
4) How many grams of $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$ is needed to make a 0.25 M solution with 1.2 L of water?
39.96 g

Mixed Practice (Before beginning the problem, identify the variable you are solving for)
5) What is the molarity if 63 g of $\mathrm{Al}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{3}$ is dissolved in 360 mL of water?
6) How much water is needed to make a 0.15 M solution of KF if you have 232.4 g of KF?
26.7 L
0.82 M
7) How many grams of $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$ is needed to make a 0.40 M solution if you have 750 mL of water?
28.56 g
8) What is the molarity of an aqueous solution if 35.1 mol of $\mathrm{K}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ is dissolved in 2 L of water?
17.55 M
9) What volume of water should be used to make a 5.0 M solution of $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$ if you have 78 g of the solute?

### 0.14 L

10) If a 6.7 M solution of $\mathrm{SrF}_{2}$ is composed of 540 mL of water, how many grams are dissolved?
